Guidance for COVID-19 Symptoms	Child or staff member must stay home?
COVID-19 symptoms which must be fully resolved before a child or staff member returns to school 1. Feeling Feverish, having chills or Fever (Temperature of 100.4°F or greater. Babies who are 4 months or younger need to see a doctor right away for a fever of 100°F or higher) 2. Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing 3. Nausea, Vomiting/Throwing Up 4. Diarrhea (Frequent, loose, or watery stools (poop) compared to normal ones that are not caused by food or medicine) 5. Cough*	Yes - These symptoms are often present in individuals with COVID-19 and other contagious infectious diseases, and a person with any of these symptoms (whether new or worsening from baseline) should first receive a diagnostic test for COVID-19. When to seek emergency medical attention 1. Trouble breathing 2. Persistent pain or pressure in the chest 3. New confusion 4. Inability to wake or stay awake 5. Pale, gray, or blue-colored skin, lips, or nail beds, depending on skin tone These are not all possible symptoms. Please call your medical provider for any other symptoms that are severe or concerning you. Call 911 or call ahead to your local emergency facility. Notify the operator that you are seeking care for someone who has or may have COVID-19. If all symptoms are consistent with the usual symptoms of a known chronic condition and the child is otherwise well enough to return to school, no further evaluation is necessary. If the test is positive, or the individual has not yet been tested, the individual should follow CDPHE's isolation guidance, https://covid19.colorado.gov/practical-guide-foroperationalizing-cdc-school-guidance. If the test is negative AND the symptoms are explained by a specific illness other than COVID-19, then the child or staff can return to school or childcare following exclusion guidelines for that illness. If the test is negative and the illness is not explained by a new illness or a known chronic condition, the ill individual should still stay home until symptoms have been resolved for at least 24 hours without medication. *Students and staff may return if the cough is not fully resolved following discussion with a care provider.
COVID-19 symptoms which must be improving before a child or staff member returns to school or childcare	Yes - These symptoms are often present in individuals with COVID- 19, and a person with any of these symptoms (whether new or worsening from baseline) should receive a diagnostic test for COVID-19. If all symptoms are consistent with the usual symptoms of a known chronic condition and

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